

In the claims

1. (Currently Amended) An implantable, biodegradable device, comprising a fibrous matrix, said fibrous matrix comprising first fibers A and second fibers B, wherein fibers A and B are selected from a biodegradable polymer selected from the group consisting of aliphatic polyesters, poly(amino acids), copoly(ether-esters), polyalkylene oxalates, polyamides, poly(iminocarbonates), polyorthoesters, polyoxaesters, polyamidoesters, poly(anhydrides) and polyphosphazenes, fibers A biodegrade faster than fibers B, and fibers A and B are present at a weight ratio of one to the other in relative amounts and are organized such that the fibrous matrix is provided with properties useful in repair and/or regeneration of mammalian tissue.
2. (Original) The device of claim 1 wherein the rate of resorption of the fibrous matrix approximates the rate of replacement of the fibrous matrix by tissue.
3. (Original) The device of claim 1 wherein the weight ratio of fibers A to fibers B is from about 19:1 to about 1:19.
4. (Original) The device of claim 1 wherein the porosity of the fibrous matrix is effective to facilitate uniform tissue growth therein.
5. (Original) The device of claim 4 wherein pores ranging in size from about 20 microns to about 400 microns are interconnected and comprise from about 70 percent to about 95 percent of the fibrous matrix.
6. (Cancelled)
7. (Cancelled)
8. (Original) The device of claim 6 wherein the fibrous matrix comprises from about 50 to about 99 weight percent of fibers A prepared from a polyglycolic acid/polylactic acid (PGA/PLA) copolymer, and from about 50 to about 1 weight percent of fibers B prepared from a polylactic acid/polyglycolic acid (PLA/PGA) copolymer.

9. (Original) The device of claim 8 wherein the PGA/PLA copolymer comprises about 90 percent PGA and about 10 percent PLA, and the PLA/PGA copolymer comprises about 95 percent PLA and about 5 percent PGA.

10. (Original) The device of claim 7 wherein the polyoxaesters comprises amine groups.

11. (Original) The device of claim 1 wherein the fibrous matrix comprises an organized network selected from the group consisting of threads, yarns, nets, laces, felts and nonwovens.

12. (Original) The device of claim 1 wherein the fibrous matrix comprises a configuration selected from the group consisting of a disk, a rectangle, a square, a tube and a star.

13. (Original) The device of claim 1 wherein the diameters of fibers A and fibers B range from about 5 microns to about 100 microns.

14. (Original) The device of claim 1 wherein fibers A and fibers B are bonded together by a biodegradable polymeric binder.

15. (Original) The device of claim 14 wherein the biodegradable polymeric binder is selected from the group consisting of polycaprolactone, polylactic acid, polydioxanone and polyglycolic acid.

16. (Original) The device of claim 1 wherein the fibrous matrix comprises a gradient structure.

17. (Original) The device of claim 1 wherein said fibrous matrix comprises a continuous transition from fibers A at the periphery of the device to fibers B at the center of the device.

18. (Original) The device of claim 1 wherein said fibrous matrix comprises a continuous transition from fibers A at the top of the device to fibers B at the bottom of the device

19. (Original) The device of claim 1 wherein the fibrous matrix further comprises a biodegradable, fibrous polymeric coating.

20. (Original) The device of claim 19 wherein the biodegradable polymeric coating is selected from the group consisting of polylactic acid, polyglycolic acid, polycaprolactone and copolymers thereof.

21. (Original) The device of claim 1 wherein the fibrous matrix is chemically crosslinked or combined with hydrogels.

22. (Once Amended) The device of claim 1 wherein the fibrous matrix is coated with an adhesive biological factor selected from the group consisting of fibronectin, vitronectin, V-CAM, I-CAM, N-CAM, elastin, fibrillin, laminin, actin, myosin, collagen, microfilament, intermediate filament, antibody, and fragments thereof hyaluronic acids, glycosaminoglycans, collagens, peptide fragments, pleiotrophin, endothelin and tenascin-C.

23. (Once Amended) The device of claim 1 wherein the fibrous matrix is coated with a growth factor selected from the group consisting of members of TGF- β family, bone morphogenic proteins, fibroblast growth factors-1 and -2, platelet-derived growth factor-AA, and -BB, platelet rich plasma and vascular endothelial cell-derived growth factor.

24. (Original) The device of claim 1 wherein the fibrous matrix further comprises seeded or cultured therein cells selected from the group consisting of bone marrow cells, stromal cells, stem cells, embryonic stem cells, chondrocytes, osteoblasts, osteocytes, fibroblasts, pluripotent cells, chondrocyte progenitors, osteoclasts,

endothelial cells, macrophages, adipocytes, monocytes, plasma cells, mast cells, umbilical cord cells, leukocytes, epithelial cells, myoblasts, and precursor cells derived from adipose tissue.

25. (Original) The device of claim 1 wherein said fibrous matrix comprises a first layer comprising a majority of filaments prepared from a 90/10 PGA/PLA copolymer and a second layer comprising a majority of filaments prepared from a 95/5 PLA/PGA copolymer.

26. (Original) The device of claim 1 wherein fibers A and fibers B comprise a sheath/core construction, where each filament comprises a sheath of biodegradable polymer surrounding one or more cores comprising another biodegradable polymer.

27. (Original) The implant of claim 1, further comprising a fabric barrier layer formed on at least one surface of the implant.

28. (Original) The implant of claim 27, wherein the fabric barrier is formed on a top surface and a bottom surface of the implant.

29. (Original) The implant of claim 27, wherein the fabric barrier is a dense, fibrous fabric that is effective as a barrier to hyperplasia and tissue adhesion.

30. (Original) The implant of claim 29, wherein the fabric barrier is formed of an electrostatically spun aliphatic polyester.